1	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
2	The Committee on Judiciary to which was referred Senate Bill No. 141 entitled
3	"An act relating to possession of firearms" respectfully reports that it has
4	considered the same and recommends that the House propose to the Senate that
5	the bill be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in
6	lieu thereof the following:
7	Sec. 1. 13 V.S.A. § 4017 is added to read:
8	§ 4017. PERSONS PROHIBITED FROM POSSESSING FIREARMS;
9	CONVICTION OF VIOLENT CRIME
10	(a) A person shall not possess a firearm if the person has been convicted of
11	a violent crime.
12	(b) A person who violates this section shall be imprisoned not more than
13	two years or fined not more than \$1,000.00, or both.
14	(c) This section shall not apply to a person who is exempt from federal
15	firearms restrictions under 18 U.S.C. § 925(c).
16	(d) As used in this section:
17	(1)(A) "Firearm" means:
18	(i) any weapon (including a starter gun) which will or is designed
19	to or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an
20	explosive;
21	(ii) the frame or receiver of any such weapon; or

1	(iii) any firearm muffler or firearm silencer.
2	(B) "Firearm" shall not include an antique firearm.
3	(2) "Antique firearm" means:
4	(A) Any firearm (including any firearm with a matchlock, flintlock,
5	percussion cap, or similar type of ignition system) manufactured in or before
6	<u>1898.</u>
7	(B) Any replica of any firearm described in subdivision (A) of this
8	subdivision (2) if the replica:
9	(i) is not designed or redesigned for using rimfire or conventional
10	centerfire fixed ammunition; or
11	(ii) uses rimfire or conventional centerfire fixed ammunition that
12	is no longer manufactured in the United States and which is not readily
13	available in the ordinary channels of commercial trade.
14	(C) Any muzzle loading rifle, muzzle loading shotgun, or muzzle
15	loading pistol which is designed to use black powder or a black powder
16	substitute and which cannot use fixed ammunition. As used in this subdivision
17	(C), "antique firearm" shall not include a weapon which incorporates a firearm
18	frame or receiver, a firearm which is converted into a muzzle loading weapon,
19	or any muzzle loading weapon which can be readily converted to fire fixed
20	ammunition by replacing the barrel, bolt, breechblock, or any combination
21	thereof.

1	(3) "Violent crime" means:
2	(A)(i) A listed crime as defined in subdivision 5301(7) of this title
3	other than:
4	(I) lewd or lascivious conduct as defined in section 2601 of
5	this title;
6	(II) recklessly endangering another person as defined in section
7	1025 of this title;
8	(III) operating a vehicle under the influence of intoxicating
9	liquor or other substance with either death or serious bodily injury resulting as
10	defined in 23 V.S.A. § 1210(f) and (g);
11	(IV) careless or negligent operation resulting in serious bodily
12	injury or death as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 1091(b);
13	(V) leaving the scene of an accident resulting in serious bodily
14	injury or death as defined in 23 V.S.A. § 1128(b) or (c); or
15	(VI) a misdemeanor violation of chapter 28 of this title, relating
16	to abuse, neglect, and exploitation of vulnerable adults; or
17	(ii) a comparable offense and sentence in another jurisdiction if
18	the offense prohibits the person from possessing a firearm under 18 U.S.C.
19	§ 922(g)(1) or 18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(20).
20	(B) An offense involving sexual exploitation of children in violation
21	of chapter 64 of this title, or a comparable offense and sentence in another

1	jurisdiction if the offense prohibits the person from possessing a firearm under
2	18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1) or 18 U.S.C. § 921(a)(20).
3	(C) A violation of 18 V.S.A. § 4231(b)(2), (b)(3), or (c) (selling,
4	dispensing, or trafficking cocaine); 4232(b)(2) or (b)(3) (selling or dispensing
5	LSD); 4233 (b)(2), (b)(3), or (c) (selling, dispensing, or trafficking heroin);
6	4234(b)(2) or (b)(3) (selling or dispensing depressants, stimulants, and
7	narcotics); 4234a(b)(2), (b)(3), or (c) (selling, dispensing, or trafficking
8	methamphetamine); 4235(c)(2) or (c)(3) (selling or dispensing hallucinogenic
9	drugs); 4235a(b)(2) or (b)(3) (selling or dispensing Ecstasy), or a comparable
10	offense and sentence in another jurisdiction if the offense prohibits the person
11	from possessing a firearm under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1) or 18 U.S.C.
12	§ 921(a)(20).
13	(D) A conviction of possession with intent to distribute a controlled
14	substance other than marijuana in another jurisdiction if the offense prohibits
15	the person from possessing a firearm under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(1) or 18 U.S.C.
16	§ 921(a)(20).
17	Sec. 2. 20 V.S.A. § 2307 is amended to read:
18	§ 2307. FIREARMS RELINQUISHED PURSUANT TO RELIEF FROM
19	ABUSE ORDER; STORAGE; FEES; RETURN
20	* * *

- (g)(1) A law enforcement agency, an approved federally licensed firearms dealer, or any other person that takes possession of firearms, ammunition, or weapons for storage purposes pursuant to this section shall not release the items to the owner without a court order unless the items are to be sold pursuant to subdivision (2)(A) of this subsection. If a court orders the release of firearms, ammunition, or weapons stored under this section, the law enforcement agency or firearms dealer in possession of the items shall make them available to the owner within three business days of receipt of the order and in a manner consistent with federal law. The Supreme Court may promulgate rules under 12 V.S.A. § 1 for judicial proceedings under this subsection.
- (2)(A)(i) If the owner fails to retrieve the firearm, ammunition, or weapon and pay the applicable storage fee within 90 days of the court order releasing the items, the firearm, ammunition, or weapon may be sold for fair market value. Title to the items shall pass to the law enforcement agency or firearms dealer for the purpose of transferring ownership.
- (ii) The law enforcement agency or approved firearms dealer shall make a reasonable effort to notify the owner of the sale before it occurs. In no event shall the sale occur until after the court Court issues a final relief from abuse order pursuant to 15 V.S.A. § 1103.

1	(iii) As used in this subdivision (2)(A), "reasonable effort" shall
2	include providing notice to the owner at least 21 days prior to the date of the
3	sale via first class mail, certified restricted delivery mean notice shall be served
4	as provided for in by Rule 4(d)(1) of the Vermont Rules of Civil Procedure.
5	* * *
6	Sec. 3. REPORT; NEW HAMPSHIRE GUN SHOP PROJECT
7	REPORT OR IMPLEMENT NOW?
8	(a) On or before December 15, 2015, the Departments of Public Safety and
9	of Mental Health shall report to the Senate and House Committees on
10	Judiciary, the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare, and the House
11	Committee on Human Services on the establishment of a Vermont version of
12	the New Hampshire Gun Shop Project.
13	(b) The report required by this section shall include the following
14	provisions:
15	(1) A review of the methods and strategies the New Hampshire Gun
16	Shop Project employs to help gun shop owners avoid selling firearms to
17	suicidal people.
18	(2) A description of the manner in which suicide prevention outreach
19	information can be transmitted to gun owners and friends of gun owners at gun
20	shops, gun ranges, and gun shows.

1	(3) An analysis of whether the New Hampshire Gun Shop Project could
2	be effectively implemented in Vermont to reduce the number of suicide deaths
3	by gunshot in this State.
4	(c) For purposes of developing the report required by this section, the
5	Departments of Public Safety and of Mental Health shall consult with:
6	(1) the Vermont Suicide Prevention Coalition;
7	(2) principals in the New Hampshire Gun Shop Project;
8	(3) the Vermont Federation of Sportsmen's Clubs, and other firearms
9	owners organizations;
10	(4) gun shop owners and other firearms retailers; and
11	(5) any other parties that may assist in preparing the report.
12	Sec. 4. 13 V.S.A. § 4824 is added to read:
13	§ 4824. REPORTING; NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL
14	BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM
15	(a) If the Court finds that a person is a person in need of treatment pursuant
16	to section 4822 of this title, the Court Administrator shall within 48 hours
17	(Note: holidays and weekends not counted if less than 11 days, see VRCP 6(a))
18	report the name of the person subject to the order to the National Instant
19	Criminal Background Check System, established by Section 103 of the Brady
20	Handgun Violence Prevention Act of 1993. The report shall include only

1	information sufficient to identify the person, the reason for the report, and a
2	statement that the report is made in accordance with 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(4).
3	(b) This section shall not apply if the Court finds that a person is a person
4	in need of treatment as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 7107(17)(B)(ii).
5	(ii) he or she has behaved in such a manner as to indicate that he or she is
6	unable, without supervision and the assistance of others, to satisfy his or her
7	need for nourishment, personal or medical care, shelter, or self-protection and
8	safety, so that it is probable that death, substantial physical bodily injury,
9	serious mental deterioration, or serious physical debilitation or disease will
10	ensue unless adequate treatment is afforded.
11	(b) A report required by this section shall be submitted notwithstanding
12	18 V.S.A. § 7103 or any other provision of law.
13	(c) A report required by this section is confidential and exempt from public
14	inspection and copying under the Public Records Act except as provided in
15	subsection (d) of this section. The report shall not be used for any purpose
16	other than for submission to the National Instant Criminal Background Check
17	System pursuant to this section, where it may be used for any purpose
18	permitted by federal law, including in connection with the issuance of a
19	firearm-related permit or license.
20	(d) A copy of the report required by this section shall be provided to the
21	person who is the subject of the report. The report shall include written notice

1	to the person who is the subject of the report that the person is not thereafter
2	permitted to possess a firearm.
3	Sec. 5. 18 V.S.A. § 7103 is amended to read:
4	§ 7103. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION
5	(a) All certificates, applications, records, and reports, other than an order of
6	a court made for the purposes of this part of this title, and directly or indirectly
7	identifying a patient or former patient or an individual whose hospitalization or
8	care has been sought or provided under this part, together with clinical
9	information relating to such persons shall be kept confidential and shall not be
10	disclosed by any person except insofar:
11	(1) as the individual identified, the individual's health care agent under
12	section 5264 of this title, or the individual's legal guardian, if any (or, or, if the
13	individual is an unemancipated minor, his or her parent or legal guardian),
14	guardian shall consent in writing; or
15	(2) as disclosure may be necessary to carry out any of the provisions of
16	this part; or
17	(3) as a court may direct upon its determination that disclosure is
18	necessary for the conduct of proceedings before it and that failure to make
19	disclosure would be contrary to the public interest; or
20	(4) as the disclosure is made to comply with the reporting requirements
21	of section 7617a of this title or 13 V.S.A. § 4824.

1	* * *
2	Sec. 6. 18 V.S.A. § 7617a is added to read:
3	§ 7617a. REPORTING; NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL
4	BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM
5	(a) If the Court issues a hospitalization order pursuant to subdivision
6	7617(b)(1) or (2) of this title or a nonhospitalization order pursuant to
7	subdivision 7617(b)(3), the Court Administrator shall within 48 hours (Note:
8	holidays and weekends not counted if less than 11 days, see VRCP 6(a)) report
9	the name of the person subject to the order to the National Instant Criminal
10	Background Check System, established by Section 103 of the Brady Handgun
11	Violence Prevention Act of 1993. The report shall include only information
12	sufficient to identify the person, the reason for the report, and a statement that
13	the report is made in accordance with 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(4).
14	(b) This section shall not apply if the Court finds that a person is a person
15	in need of treatment as defined in 18 V.S.A. § 7107(17)(B)(ii).
16	(ii) he or she has behaved in such a manner as to indicate that he or she is
17	unable, without supervision and the assistance of others, to satisfy his or her
18	need for nourishment, personal or medical care, shelter, or self-protection and
19	safety, so that it is probable that death, substantial physical bodily injury,
20	serious mental deterioration, or serious physical debilitation or disease will
21	ensue unless adequate treatment is afforded.

1	(b) A report required by this section shall be submitted notwithstanding
2	18 V.S.A. § 7103 of this title or any other provision of law.
3	(c) A report required by this section is confidential and exempt from public
4	inspection and copying under the Public Records Act except as provided in
5	subsection (d) of this section. The report shall not be used for any purpose
6	other than for submission to the National Instant Criminal Background Check
7	System pursuant to this section, where it may be used for any purpose
8	permitted by federal law, including in connection with the issuance of a
9	firearm-related permit or license.
10	(d) A copy of the report required by this section shall be provided to the
11	person who is the subject of the report. The report shall include written notice
12	to the person who is the subject of the report that the person is not thereafter
13	permitted to possess a firearm.
14	Sec. 7. 13 V.S.A. § 4825 is added to read:
15	§ 4825. PERSONS PROHIBITED BY FEDERAL LAW FROM
16	POSSESSING FIREARMS DUE TO MENTAL ILLNESS;
17	PETITION FOR RELIEF FROM DISABILITY
18	(a)(1) A person who is prohibited from possessing firearms by 18 U.S.C.
19	§ 922(g)(4) may petition the Family Division of the Superior Court for an
20	order that the person be relieved from the firearms disability imposed by that
21	section. When the petition is filed the petitioner shall provide notice and a

1	copy of the petition to the State's Attorney or the Attorney General, who shall
2	be the respondent in the matter.
3	(2) The Court shall grant the petition filed under this section without
4	hearing if the petitioner and the respondent stipulate to the granting of the
5	petition. The respondent shall file the stipulation with the Court, and the Court
6	shall issue make findings and issue an order in accordance with this section.
7	(b) In determining a petition filed under this section, the Court shall
8	consider:
9	(1) the circumstances regarding the firearms disabilities imposed on the
10	person by 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(4);
11	(2) the petitioner's record, including his or her mental health and
12	relevant criminal history records; and
13	(3) the petitioner's reputation, as demonstrated by character witness
14	statements, testimony, or other character evidence.
15	(c)(1) (Shift burden so Court grants "unless it finds"?) The Court shall
16	grant a petition filed under this section if it finds that the petitioner has
17	demonstrated by a preponderance of the evidence that:
18	(A) at least ?? 18 ?? months have elapsed since the date that the
19	person was last in the custody of the Department of Mental Health; and
20	(B) the person is no longer a person in need of treatment as defined in
21	18 V.S.A. § 7101(17).

1	(2) As the terms are used in this subsection, a finding that the person is
2	no longer a person in need of treatment shall also mean that granting the relief
3	will not be contrary to the public interest.
4	(d) If a petition filed under this section is granted, the Court shall enter an
5	order declaring that the basis under which the person was prohibited from
6	possessing firearms by 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(4) no longer applies. The Court
7	shall inform the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the U.S. Attorney General,
8	and the National Instant Criminal Background Check System of its decision.
9	(e) If the Court denies the petition, the petitioner may appeal the denial to
10	the Vermont Supreme Court. The appeal shall be on the record, and the
11	Supreme Court may review the record de novo.
12	(f) If the Court denies a petition filed under this section, no further petition
13	shall be filed by the person until at least one year after the order of the trial
14	court, or of the Supreme Court if an appeal is taken, becomes final.
15	(g) At the time a petition is filed pursuant to this ehapter section, and if the
16	firearms disability under 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(4) was imposed in connection
17	with a criminal offense, the respondent shall give notice of the petition to any
18	victim of the offense who is known to the respondent. The victim shall have
19	the right to offer the respondent a statement prior to any stipulation or to offer
20	the Court a statement. The disposition of the petition shall not be
21	unnecessarily delayed pending receipt of a victim's statement. The

1	respondent's inability to locate a victim after a reasonable effort has been made
2	shall not be a bar to granting a petition.
3	(h) As used in this section, "reasonable effort" means attempting to contact
4	the victim by first class mail at the victim's last known address and by
5	telephone at the victim's last known telephone number.
6	Sec. 8. REPORTING; DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH; COURT
7	ADMINISTRATOR
8	(a) The Department of Mental Health shall report to the Court
9	Administrator on or before October 1, 2015 the names of all persons under the
10	custody of the Department who on that date are subject to a hospitalization
11	order issued pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 7617(b)(1) or (2), a nonhospitalization
12	order issued pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 7617(b)(3), or an order that a person is a
13	person in need of treatment pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4822. The Court
14	Administrator shall report the names provided pursuant to this section to the
15	National Instant Criminal Background Check System, established by
16	Section 103 of the Brady Handgun Violence Prevention Act of 1993. The
17	report shall include only information sufficient to identify the person, the
18	reason for the report, and a statement that the report is made in accordance
19	with 18 U.S.C. § 922(g)(4).
20	(b) Reports required by this section shall be submitted notwithstanding
21	18 V.S.A. § 7103 or any other provision of law.

1	(c) A report required by this section is confidential and exempt from public
2	inspection and copying under the Public Records Act except as provided in
3	subsection (d) of this section. The report shall not be used for any purpose
4	other than for submission to the National Instant Criminal Background Check
5	System pursuant to this section, where it may be used for any purpose
6	permitted by federal law, including in connection with the issuance of a
7	firearm-related permit or license.
8	(d) A copy of the report required by this section shall be provided to the
9	person who is the subject of the report. The report shall include written notice
10	to the person who is the subject of the report that the person is not thereafter
11	permitted to possess a firearm.
12	Sec. 9. REPORTS
13	(a) On or before January 15, 2018, the Court Administrator, in consultation
14	with the Commissioner of Mental Health and the Executive Director of State's
15	Attorneys and Sheriffs, shall report to the Senate and House Committees on
16	Judiciary, the Senate Committee on Health and Welfare, and the House
17	Committee on Human Services on data compiled with respect to the legal
18	requirements established by this Act. The report shall include:
19	(1)(A) The number of persons reported to the National Instant Criminal
20	Background Check System since October 1, 2015 pursuant to:

1	(i) 13 V.S.A. § 4824 (persons in custody of the Department of
2	Mental Health as the result of an order issued under 13 V.S.A. § 4822); and
3	(ii) 18 V.S.A. § 7617a (persons in custody of the Department of
4	Mental Health as the result of a hospitalization order issued under 18 V.S.A.
5	§ 7617(b)(1) or (2), or a nonhospitalization order issued under 18 V.S.A.
6	§ 7617(b)(3)); and
7	(B) with respect to each of the persons reported to the National
8	Instant Criminal Background Check System pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4824 and
9	18 V.S.A. § 7617a since October 1, 2015, whether the person filed a petition
10	for relief from disabilities pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4825, and whether the
11	petition was granted, denied, or remains pending.
12	(2) The total number of petitions for relief from disabilities filed
13	pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4825 since October 1, 2015, and the number of those
14	petitions that were granted, denied, and remain pending.
15	(b) On or before January 15, 2018, the Executive Director of the
16	Department of State's Attorneys and Sheriffs shall report to the Senate and
17	House Committees on Judiciary the number of persons charged with violating
18	13 V.S.A. § 4017 since July 1, 2015, and the number of charges that resulted in
19	conviction, dismissal, and acquittal.
20	Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATES; APPLICABILITY
21	(a) Secs. 1, 2, 3, 8, 9, and this section shall take effect on July 1, 2015.

1	(b) Secs. 4, 5, 6, and 7 shall take effect on October 1, 2015, (when ATF
2	certifies relief from disabilities procedure) and shall apply to hospitalization
3	orders issued pursuant to subdivision 18 V.S.A. § 7617(b)(1) or (2),
4	nonhospitalization orders issued pursuant to 18 V.S.A. § 7617(b)(3), or orders
5	that a person is a person in need of treatment pursuant to 13 V.S.A. § 4822
6	issued on or after that date.
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14	(Committee vote:)
15	
16	Representative
17	FOR THE COMMITTEE